

HOT WEATHER  
MAKES YOUR  
ICE CREAM  
WITH  
MILKMAID  
EVAPORATED  
CREAM.

# The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

M. HOMEYA  
JAPANESE PHOTOGRAPHER  
All kinds of Photographs  
Work done in latest style  
Developing and Printing  
AMATEURS & PROFESSIONALS  
84, QUEEN'S ROAD  
CENTRAL.

No. 15,691.

號五十八年三十一百九千一英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 1913.

五癸亥歲年二國民華中

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month.

WATSON'S



POPULAR  
**ASAHI BEER**



OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE.

SOLE AGENTS:

**Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.**

Hongkong, January 4, 1913.

**DIVORCE OF EARL COWLEY**

VISIT TO A PARIS HOTEL.

Countess Millicent Florence Eleanor Cowley, formerly Lady Hartopp, has been granted a decree nisi in her petition for divorce against her husband, Henry Arthur Mornington Wellesley, Earl Cowley, on the ground of his statutory desertion and his misconduct. The petition, which was undefended, was heard by Sir Samuel Evans, President of the Divorce Division.

Mr. Barnard, K.C., and Mr. T. Bucknill (instructed by Messrs. Lewis and Lewis) appeared for the petitioner.

Mr. Barnard, opening the case, said that the parties after the marriage lived happily together and there had been one child of the marriage. In November last Earl Cowley left his wife and went to Paris, and it was subsequently ascertained that he had gone away with a Mrs. Buxton. On November 18 Lady Cowley wrote and asked her husband to return, but on November 20 he replied declining. On March 11 last Lady Cowley obtained a decree for the restitution of conjugal rights; but the husband had not complied with it. The misconduct alleged took place at the Hotel Bristol in Paris.

**M.P. SON LEADS M.P. FATHER.**

On taking his seat in the House of Commons on Wednesday as M.P. for St. George's, Hanover-square, in succession to the late Mr. Alfred Lyttelton, Sir Alexander Henderson was introduced by his son, Major Henderson, M.P. for the Aberdeenshire division of Berwickshire and a junior Unionist Whip, and Mr. Hayes Fisher.

The spectacle of a son "bringing in" his father is followed to be unique in parliamentary annals. A number of cases are on record of a father introducing his son.

**A MASTER REMEDY.**

CHAMBERLAIN'S Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is master over cramp colic, dysentery, and all intestinal pains. One dose relieves, a second dose is rarely necessary to effect a cure. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

**MILKMAID**

STERILIZED  
NATURAL  
MILK.



TRY IT ICEED.

A Natural  
Summer  
Drink.

FOR SALE AT ALL GROCERY STORES.

HOTELS

**THE STATION HOTEL**  
NATHAN ROAD,  
KOWLOON.

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND FANS.  
BATH-ROOM TO EACH ROOM.  
Cold and Hot Water throughout.  
PRIVATE AND PUBLIC BARS.  
BILLIARD ROOM.  
Private Dining Room.  
EXCELLENT CUISINE.

For Particulars apply to  
THE MANAGER.  
Tel. No. K129. Tel. Address "STATION."  
Hongkong, Feb. 8, 1913.

**KINGSLERE HOTEL,**  
HONGKONG.

UNRIVALLED position in the Hill district, overlooking the Botanical Gardens and facing the Harbour. Numerous quiet Suites with luxuriously fitted Bathrooms, Telephones and Electric Fans. Bathrooms and Sitting-room throughout.  
Telephone No. 1122.  
Cable Address: "Kingslere."  
A.B.U. Code 5th Ed.  
Hongkong, September 1, 1908.

**WYNDHAM HOTEL,**  
29 WYNDHAM (FLOWER)  
STREET.

LOCATION good for Hillside scenery and ONLY TWO MINUTES' WALK FROM BUSINESS CENTRE.  
Families, Residents and Tourists made thoroughly comfortable.  
Terms Moderate.  
Room or First-Class Lovers.  
Under the Personal Supervision of the Proprietress  
M. S. HOY.

**KING EDWARD HOTEL**

**A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.**  
UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.  
EXCELLENT ROOMS.  
ELECTRIC LIGHTS & LIGHT.  
REASONABLE RATES.  
Telephone 473.  
H. HAYNES, Manager.  
Hongkong, October 4, 1908.

**BRAESIDE PRIVATE HOTEL.**

STANDING in the own grounds with S. Tennis and Croquet Lawns, Large Airy and Well Furnished Rooms, Every home comfort. Fine View of the Harbour.  
Telephone, No. 690.  
Apply to: Mrs F. W. WATTS.  
Braeside, 20, Macdonnell Road.  
Hongkong, September 2, 1908.

**CHEN KWONG & CO., LD.**

GENERAL IMPORT & EXPORT.

CANTON  
LARGE WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORES:

FURNITURE, Draperies, Groceries, Boots and Shoes.  
Makers of Jewellery, Lacquerware, Cookery Ware.  
Ironmongery, Wines and Spirits.  
Foreign Clothes for gentlemen made to order by our own tailors.  
Large assortment of Chinese Silks and Foreign Goods of every description.  
All goods sold at reasonable prices.  
The Cheapest and Best place in Canton & Hongkong to buy Chinese and Foreign Goods.

SUP PAT POO STREET.  
CANTON and  
Nos. 237, 235, Des Voeux Road  
and No. 180, Connaught Road Central.  
Tel. No. 311. Hongkong.

**PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.**

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.00 p.m. to 6.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

FRIGHT CARS.

8.50 p.m. and 9 p.m. 8.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every half hour.  
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of an hour.

SUNDAYS.

8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
11.45 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
12.00 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
7.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS on Week Days.

SATURDAYS.

Extra Cars at 12 midnight.  
SPECIAL CARS for arrangement at the Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDING, Des Voeux Road Central.  
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON  
General Managers.

**S. I. F. I. N. G.**

Surgeon, Dentist.  
No. 14, D'ARVILLE STREET.  
TERMS VERY MODERATE.  
Consultation Free.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

**Mineral Water.**

The Best Table Water.

PT. Per Case 4 Dozen.....\$5.00. BABY, Per Case 6 Dozen.....\$5.  
Agent: **TOKYO HOTEL**, 88, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL.  
Hongkong, June 16, 1913.

SHOPPING MADE EASY.

THE STORE FOR EVERYONE

**THE QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL CO.**  
AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.  
UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS.

ONE OF OUR SPECIALITIES:  
HIGH CLASS TAILORS & EXPERIENCED CUTTERS

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.  
THE ONE PRICE STORE.  
High Standard of Quality.

Cheapest Store in the East.  
Queen's Road Central: The Old Supreme Court. Telephone 1450.  
Hongkong, June 20, 1913.

**WING FAT CHEONG.**

HIGH CLASS TAILORS,  
DRAPERS AND OUTFITTERS.

24, Des Voeux Road Central.

HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF  
EVENING DRESS GOODS.  
Court Shoes, Dress Bows, Shirts etc.,  
ALSO  
ALL ARTICLES OF CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.  
OUTFITTING OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. QUALITY AND WORK-  
MANSHIP BY THE MOST EXPERIENCED CUTTERS GUARANTEED.

**OUR BREAD**

PERFECTION.

**CAKES & PASTRY**  
PAR EXCELLENCE

TIFFINS, DINNERS & REFRESHMENTS THE BEST.

**ALEXANDRA CAFE CO.**

Hongkong, April 7, 1913.

**THE HONGKONG HOTEL.**

THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE WITH EVERY MODERN LUXURY  
A LA CARTE GRILL ROOM.  
J. H. TAGGART, Manager.

**PEAK HOTEL.**

ADIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.  
Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.  
OPEN to the South Winds in Summer and protected from the North-east Winds in Winter. Commanding a magnificent view of Hongkong, the harbour and adjacent islands for forty miles.  
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.  
Terms - From \$5 per day Max.  
Town Office. 4, Des Voeux Road.  
Telephone Add: "Peacetal."

**GRAND HOTEL.**

NOTED FOR THE BEST FOOD, REFRESHMENTS, ACCOMMODATION  
AND CLEANLINESS.  
CUISINE UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.  
ELECTRIC LIGHT & FANS THROUGHOUT.  
F. REICHMANN, Proprietor.

**THE GRAND CARLTON HOTEL**

An Ideal Family Hotel where Living is a Real Pleasure.  
FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT. CONVENIENTLY SITUATED. ALL MODERN COMFORT.  
Noted for its First Class Cuisine and Perfection of Service.  
Under the Personal Management of O. E. OWEN, Proprietor.  
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: GRAND  
Hongkong.  
Telephone No. 519.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.**  
**Portland Cement**

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

**Shewan Tomes & Co.**  
GENERAL MANAGERS.

**BUTTERMILK**  
AND

**GLYCERIN AND CUCUMBER SOAPS**  
ARE IDEAL FOR BATH AND TOILET.

20 cents per Tablet \$1.00 for six Tablets.

**VICTORIA DISPENSARY.**

A CHOICE SELECTION  
FRY'S KING GEORGE V.  
AND QUEEN MARY  
CHOCOLATES.

CADBURY'S IMPERIAL CHOCOLATES.

A SPECIALITY  
FRESH HOME-MADE CHOCOLATES.

**Weismann, Limited.**

Hongkong, July 20, 1913.

**Bournville**

The "COCOA de Luxe"

HIGHEST GRADE  
BRITISH MADE

"BOURNVILLE COCOA represents the highest grade of nutritive cocoa at present on the market; it fully maintains its high reputation in food value and delicacy of flavour, and is second to none in any respect whatsoever."  
Malaya Magazine, March, 1912

**CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES**

In Tins and Fancy Boxes  
Specially Packed for Export

FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN," BOURNVILLE, ENG.

Hongkong Dec. 17, 1901.

**MACGREGOR'S V.O.S.**  
**PARLIAMENT WHISKY**

PURE  
MELLOW  
PALATABLE



AS SUPPLIED  
TO THE  
HOUSE OF  
COMMONS  
AND  
HOUSES OF  
PARLIAMENT  
CANADA.

**Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co.**  
(Established 1864)



## 'Want' Advertisements

**HOTEL MANSIONS: OPPOSITE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED)

Hongkong. April 1, 1913.

name. Only at The ALHAMBRA  
FL











# The World's Cup of Health

In every country and in every clime, the supremacy of Sanatogen among tonic foods and reconstituent remedies is now abundantly recognised and warmly praised.

It exercises the most powerful influence over all disorders of the stomach and nervous system which manifest themselves in such depressing symptoms as: Insomnia, Uncontrollable Lassitude, Disinclination for Mental and Physical Activity, Loss of Memory, so-called "Nervous Dyspepsia," Anemia, and Chronic Diarrhea.

With its use, these alarming symptoms rapidly disappear. The patient regains his normal outlook on life, takes a keener interest in his work and play, and feels better than he ever did. Start taking Sanatogen to-day, and see how wonderfully it will benefit you.

The Right Hon. Sir John Gort writes: "Sir John Gort has taken Sanatogen with excellent results. It was also used by a daughter of his with great benefit."

His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay writes: "I use Sanatogen every now and then under my doctor's advice, and always derive great benefit from it."

## SANATOGEN,

The Tonic Food with Lasting Effects.

Sanatogen has been endorsed by over sixteen thousand physicians, including ten physicians to crowned heads.

Countless thousands of men and women, including many celebrities, have found it the restorer of health, strength and happiness, and have recommended it to their friends that they, too, may acquire these blessings in the fullest degree.

### WRITE FOR FREE BOOK.

Buy a bottle of Sanatogen today; it is sold by all Chemists. And write for a Free Copy of "The Art of Living," by Dr. Andrew Wilson, the well-known medical author. This interesting book tells you of valuable advice on health topics. Write at once, mentioning this paper to the manufacturers of Sanatogen, Messrs. A. Welfing & Co., 8, Kienyang Road, Shanghai.



## MEE CHEUNG

ART PHOTOGRAPHER

ICE HOUSE STREET,

BRANCH OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

Fashionable Xmas and New Year Cards.

LATEST SELECT VIEWS OF HONGKONG AND CANTON.

## A Natural Remedy

Time was when disease was thought to be due to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism and magic were invoked to cast it out.

Science has taught us wisdom. The evil spirits exist still. We call them "Disease Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches and pains, is the result.

## ENO'S FRUIT SALT

is the approved remedy for driving out disease germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It clears the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole digestive tract.

It may be safely taken at any time by young or old.

It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhea by removing the irritating cause.

Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping a bottle in the house.

Prepared by

J. C. ENO, Ltd., "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON, ENGLAND.  
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

## COMMERCIAL

### SHARES REPORT

Messrs Ellis and Ellis, Share and General Brokers, 144, Des Voeux Road, and No. 9, Ice House Street, Hongkong, in their Weekly Report dated August 8, state:—

The Local share market has been very quiet during the week under review, and the volume of business put through has been on a small scale. Rates have not maintained their position, and show a general decline.

Rubbers.—This market has again ruled quiet with practically no business to report. Para Hard fine Rubber is quoted from London to-day at \$1.44, per lb. Exchange.—The L. T. station on Shanghai is 73 and on Singapore 82. Bar silver is quoted from London to-day at 27 1/2.

Bank.—Hongkong and Shanghai Banks have kept fairly steady during the week and have changed from a selling to a buying rate of \$800 with no sellers except at a slight advance. The London rate is unchanged viz. \$80.

Marine Insurance.—Canton continues firm and has inquiries at \$97, after sales at the price. North China are steady at \$13. 1/2 and Yangtze at \$105 with no business to report. Unions are weak and continue on offer at \$7.50.

Fire Insurance.—There are buyers of China Fire at \$147 without inducing sellers. Hongkong Fire is firm and can be placed at \$33.

Shipping.—China and Manila are nominally quoted at \$10 and Douglas at \$2. 1/2. Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboats have been sold at \$24 and \$27, the dividend of \$1 per share and now close at \$27. 1/2. India China are with buyers at \$27. 1/2. Star Lines are a strong market with buyers offering \$50 and probably a higher rate could be obtained.

Sugar Refineries.—China Sugars continue neglected and sellers prevail at \$93. Luzon are also weak and can be secured at \$85.

Mining.—Hawood are quoted at \$6. Rauba have been sold at \$8. 1/2 and \$3 closing with probable buyers at the lower figure. Katana are in demand at \$30. Trenches come weaker from London at \$5. 1/2, after sales reported at \$4. 1/2.

Oils.—Shell Transporters are firm and have buyers from London at \$10. 1/2. Langkats have again declined from \$11. 1/2 to \$10, closing rate to \$10. 1/2, at which price there are sellers at the close, due no doubt to the announcement that the output for the month of July was 7,040 tons as compared with 8,715 tons for the month of June. According to latest advice to hand, Ural Caspian are quoted at \$50, and Mexican Eagles are 47 1/2.

Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Kowloon Wharves have been sold at \$93. 1/2, at which price they are wanted, Whampoa Docks close with sellers at \$78, after sales reported at \$80 and \$81. New Amoy Docks are on offer at \$82. 1/2. The North, Shanghai Docks have buyers at \$10. 1/2. Hongkong Hotels and Buildings.—Hongkong Hotels are firm and enquired for at \$124 and \$81 for the old and new shares respectively. Sales of Hongkong Land have been effected at \$115 and close easier with sellers at \$115. Kowloon Lands are firm with enquiries at \$44, while West Point have sellers at \$72.

Cotton Mills.—Hongkong Cottons have changed hands at \$92, \$93 and \$94, and at the close there are buyers. According to telegraphic advices to hand from Shanghai, changes in Northern Cotton Mills are as follows:—Ewen, Tia, 122, nominal Kang Yit Tia, 133, nominal, Tan Sang Mow, Tia, 66, nominal and Shanghai Cottons, Tia, 115 sales and buyers.

Miscellaneous.—China Borneos are neglected at \$104. China Providents at \$81. Peak Tramways at \$10 and \$90 for the old and new shares respectively. Watsons at \$8 and William Powells at \$11. China Light and Powers after sales at \$3. 1/2. Dairy Farms are in demand at \$224 with probable buyers at \$224. Hongkong Electric are weak and can be secured at \$84. Hongkong Ice at \$180 and Hongkong Ropes at \$25. Lower Lever Tramways have been sold at 7/6 and 7/7 and more can be placed. Steam Laundries are in favour at \$42. Union Waterworks are slightly easier and can be had at \$174.

## NAVAL SHOOTING.

Inspector of Target Practice.

ABOLITION OF THE OFFICE.

It is understood that the Admiralty have decided to abolish the office of Inspector of Target Practice.

This appointment was created in 1905, when strenuous efforts were thought to be necessary to improve the gunnery of the Fleet, and a regular system of battle practice was introduced side by side with the gunlayers' test.

At that date considerable progress had been made in increasing the efficiency of the Navy in gunnery, but it was felt that some new machinery was desirable in order to regulate practice and encourage a spirit of emulation.

When the office was created Admiral Sir Perry Scott, who had already established his reputation as a specialist in the gunnery and giving advice. He was succeeded by Rear-Admiral R. H. Peirse and Rear-Admiral M. E. Browning successively.

The wisdom of the action of the Admiralty was demonstrated by the gunnery returns during successive years, as is shown by the following record, showing the percentage of the gunlayers' test from year to year:

Year.	Percentage.	Year.	Percentage.
1898	69	1903	54
1899	69	1904	58
1900	68	1905	44
1901	64	1906	32
1902	59	1907	31

In subsequent years the condition of the gunlayers' test, as of battle practice, have been changed, and there is no real basis of comparison, but there is reason to believe that, although some progress has been made, it has recently been less notable. It is probable that the Admiralty have determined to abolish the office of Inspector of Target Practice in the conviction that this office, which now finds employment for a rear-admiral, three captains, three commanders, and three lieutenants, has served its purpose, and that the gunnery of the Fleet can again be placed more directly under the superintendence of the Board of Admiralty, and in particular of the Director of Naval Ordnance.

## CANADIAN GIFT TO THE NATION.

Quebec House, Westchester, General Wolfe's early home, the sale of which was announced recently, has been purchased by Mr. Joseph Bowles, Lieutenant, of Montreal, with the object of founding a national museum and headquarters for all things relating to Wolfe and Canadian history in general.

## POLITICAL LIBEL SUIT.

A suit of great political and general interest is entered on the Law Courts list for hearing in the King's Bench Division shortly.

The case appears on the list as "Adam v. Ward," and the plaintiff is Major W. A. Adam, formerly M.P. for Woolwich, and that he is suing Colonel Sir Edward Ward, Permanent Under-Secretary of State, for libel. Sir Edward Carson will appear for Major Adam, and the Attorney-General, Sir Rufus Isaacs, for Sir Edward Ward.

## 100-YEAR-OLD EGGS.

While cutting up an ash tree at a saw mill at Embleton, Cumberland, the sawyers found in the centre of the trunk a sparrow's nest, containing the feathers and skeleton of a bird and four eggs intact. It is assumed that the bird built the nest 100 years ago in a hollow of the trunk, which was sealed up as the tree grew.

## COUGHING INTO CONSUMPTION

"Only a Cough," but you stop while it is ONLY a cough.

WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD-LIVER OIL COMPOUND

The finest preparation made for combating severe coughs. CURES any cough that is only a cough. Very palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

PARIS: \$1.95 and \$2.25

## HONGKONG AVERAGE MARKET PRICES.

Corrected to Thursday, August 7th, 1913.  
At 100 cents per Dollar Mexican.

### Butcher Meat

Best Shlobo & Prime Out—Mal Lang Pa	lb	18
Corned—Ham Ngau Yuk	...	18
Ross—Shia	...	12
Beast—Sagu Lam	...	12
Scop—Tong Yuk	...	15
Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa	...	18
Shlobo Colom—Ngau Lau	...	23
Sausages—Ngau Chanang	...	20
Bullock's Brains—Know	per set	10
Tongue—Ngau Li	sub	45
Corrad—Ham Ngau Li	...	65
Road—Ngau Tan	...	12
Heart—Ngau Sun	...	15
Hump—Salt—Ngau Kin	...	18
Salt	...	18
Feet—Ngau Kark	each	8
Kidneys—Ngau Yin	...	13
Tail—Ngau Mei	...	12
Liver—Ngau Kon	...	12
Tripes (undressed)—Ngau To	...	6
Calvo Head & Feet—Ngau-chai-tau-kai	set	25
Mutton Chop—Young Pui Kwat	lb	25
Leg—Young Pui	...	25
Shoulder—Young Sun	...	22
Pigs Chittlings—Chu Chong	...	27
Brains—Chu Know	per set	2
Feet—Chu Kark	lb	12
Chu Chak	...	8
Head—Chu Tan	...	18
Heart—Chu Sun	each	10
Kidneys—Chu Yin	...	8
Liver—Chu Con	...	14
Pork Chop—Chu Pui Kwat	...	25
Leg—Chu Pui	...	27
Eat or Lapi—Chu Yau	...	50
Chu Trap Pig's Fry	...	50
Sheeps' Head and Feet—Young Tau Kark	set	65
Heart—Young Sun	...	8
Kidneys—Young Yin	...	9
Liver—Young Con	...	25
Sucking Pigs To Order—Chu Chai	...	18
Suet, Boar—Sang Ngau Yau	...	18
Mutton—Sang Young Yau	...	18
Veal—Ngau Chai Yuk	...	18
Sausages—Ngau Chai Chang	...	...

### Poultry

Chicken—Kai Chai	...	45
Capon, Large, mall—Sin Kai	...	38
Ducks—Ap	...	28
Doves—Pan Kai	...	20
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tan	per doz	20
Fowls, Canton—Kai	lb	48
Geese—Ngai Kai	...	40
Geese, Wild—Shang-ho Yau Ngai	pair	...
Mus Deer—Wong Keng	each	...
Hare, Shanghai—Ts	...	...
Partridge—Chu Khoo	...	...
Pheasant—Shan Kai	...	...
Pigeons, Canton—Pak Kup	each	32
Holow—Hoi Hoi Pak Kup	...	25
Quail—Um Chan	...	...
Rice Birds—Wo Fa Cheur	dozen	...
Squirrels—Se Choy	...	...
Nipples Cook—Phor Kai Kung	lb	60
Han	Na	45
Wild Ducks, Shai—Shang-hoi Kai Ap	...	...
Teal—Sui Ap Chai	...	...
Wild Ducks Canton—Sang-Shing Kai Ap	...	...

### Fish

Barbel—Ka Yu	...	10
Bream—Bin Yu	...	18
Canton Fresh Water Fish—Hoi Sin Yu	...	18
Carp—Li Yu	...	22
Catfish—Chik Yu	...	20
Codfish—Mun Yu	...	20
Ornate—B	...	32
Outlet Fish—Muk Yu	...	18
Dab—Se Maug Yu	...	17
Dace—Wong Mei Lau	...	13
Dog Fish—Tui Tu Sa	...	8
Eels, Conger—Hoi Mann	...	16
Fresh water—Tam Si Yu	...	18
Yellow—Wong Sin	...	28
Frogs—Tien Kai	...	32
Garoupa—Sek Pan	...	60
Gudgeon—Pak Kup Yu	...	15
Herrings—Tao Pak	...	24
Halibut—Cheung Kwai Kup	...	32
Labrus—Wong Fa Yu	...	24
Loach—Wu Yu	...	28
Lobsters—Lung Ha	...	40
Mackerel—Chi Yu	...	18
Monk Fish—Mung Yu	...	30
Mullet—Chai Yu	...	28
Oysters—San Co	...	22
Parrotfish—Kai Kung Yu	...	20
Perch—Tui Loo	...	18
Pike—Fa Pau Pong	...	8
Plaice—Pan Yu	...	24
Pomfret, Black—Hak Chong	...	20
Pomfret, White—Pak Chong	...	40
Prawn—Ming	...	48
Ray—Pai Pa Sa	...	48
Roach Fish—Sak Ha Zung	...	16
Roach—Chin Yu	...	12

### 肉食

#### 海鮮

#### 生口

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油

#### 生肉

#### 生仔

#### 生油



## A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED 72 YEARS.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

WATSON'S  
E

## Very old liqueur Scotch Whisky.

Our Celebrated E very old Liqueur Scotch Whisky is a blend of the best Pot Distilled Scotch Whiskies. It is of great age, very fine, and mellow. Its superior quality has established its reputation as THE LEADING SCOTCH WHISKY IN THE EAST.

## WATSON'S E BRANDY

Finest very old BROWN BRANDY Guaranteed 25 years age, in wood. The finest liqueur BRANDY on the market.

THE  
IDEAL  
MUSICAL  
INSTRUMENT  
VICTROLA XIV.

PRICE \$345.

Easy Payments can be arranged.

MOUTRIE'S  
Exclusive DistributorsWM.  
Powell  
Ltd.

TELEPHONE 348.

## SPECIALISTS

IN  
GENTLEMEN'S  
DISTINCTIVE

## TAILORING.

AT QUITE

## Moderate

## Prices

FOR THE

## BEST.

THE EDWARD DISPENSARY,  
C. KAMMING & Co., Ltd.

Chemists and Druggists

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN  
PRICES.PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY  
DISPENSED.

Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, &amp;c.

62A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.  
Hongkong, July 20, 1912.

strong fortifications have at last capitulated. During the past three weeks the condition of affairs at Woosung was a daily menace to the peace of the vicinity and to the lives of Chinese and Foreigners. Happily, the danger is now passed, though not without the loss of many lives and the destruction of much property. Nanking, as we stated yesterday, is again in the hands of the rebels—mostly from Woosung—but there can be no doubt that their ascendancy in China's ancient capital will be short-lived. Both in the North and South there is at present no cause to fear that the hostilities will be much further protracted.

A HINT FOR EARTHQUAKE  
FORECASTS.

PROFESSOR OMORI, the great Japanese earthquake expert, thinks that earthquakes are caused, at least in many instances, by bulging of the earth's crust due to the pressure of its contraction. The crust finally fractures, with a shock, and returns to its normal level. The swelling and subsequent subsidence appear to the observer as slight local alterations in the sea-level, amounting at their greatest to only a few inches. In the scientific section of the *Journal des Debats* we read that this may possibly lead to a method of earthquake-prediction. Says this paper:

"Is the sea-level constant? That depends on locality. In some places it scarcely varies, while in others it changes appreciably, often alternately in opposite directions. This is shown in two important memoirs published by Professor Omori, the well-known Japanese earthquake authority, in *The Bulletin of the Imperial Earthquake Investigation Committee*. Omori describes variations of sea-level ascertained from observations made from 1894 to 1910 at 10 Japanese stations.

"From 1897 to 1899 the level rose about 2½ inches; from 1900 to 1903 it fell about 1½ inches, rising again between 1903 and 1906, and then falling until 1909.

Evidently these facts may be interpreted in two ways. We may suppose either that the level of the sea itself changes, or that what changes is the elevation of the land. How shall we decide which is the changing element? Simply by observing that not far from stations where there is variation, there are others where there is none or where the movement is even in the opposite direction. In these conditions we can not well suppose a variation of the sea, as it would be noticed everywhere; so we must conclude that there is a change of elevation in the land.

Professor Omori supports this theory by facts observed in Europe, seismic observations in Japan having been made for too short a time to draw conclusions from them. It appears that the great earthquake at Messina took place at a time when the sea-level was at a minimum; that is, when the land elevation was at a maximum. Just after the quake the sea rose; that is, the land fell. This is Professor Omori's idea of what really happened.

"For years the land had been gradually rising. That is to say, a part of the earth's crust, under pressure from the adjoining masses, squeezed by them, curved upward, just as a sheet of cardboard curves when grasped by the two hands and pushed together. Hence the lowering of the sea-level and the recession of the water abandoned by the rising shore. But in 1908, the tension due to this upward swelling exceeded the crust's limits of resistance, and this evidently ended in a fracture, owing to which, with some crushing and friction—which explains the large number of shocks—the swelling flattened out and dropped, and the ground resumed its normal level.

In these conditions, we may ask whether the progressive lowering of the sea-level (indicating an upward swelling of the land) does not constitute a warning of an approaching earthquake. It would be premature to conclude this, evidently, but it remains a fact that the earthquake of 1908 took place after a continuous sinking of the sea-level for nine years, that is, after a rising of the land. In any case we must continue our researches and investigations, and the study will be a most interesting one.

## SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

LEUNG, R. H. Parkinson, 2nd D.O.L.I., left this afternoon for Swatow to take up an appointment in the British-American Tobacco Company. He will not only be greatly missed by all members of the Regiment, but it is understood, by one member in particular, Lieut. J. H. Rainey, who was his constant companion.

Captain C. V. S. Skrimshire, R.G.A., staff officer of the Hongkong Volunteer Corps, has been awarded the Duncan medal of the Royal Artillery Institution at Woolwich for an essay discussing how far the great developments which have recently taken place in (a) the armament and armour of warships; (b) submarines; and (c) aircraft, justify attention in the armament of coast fortresses.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

Sir John Jordan, British Minister in Peking, was received in audience by the King on July 19.

Sir Francis Pigott, legal adviser to the Chinese Government, has returned to Peking after a short visit to Shanghai.

Major A. McMann, R.A.M.C., returned from home leave to-day by a.s. Delta having travelled out via Siberia.

A servant girl employed at 39, Pray, Kennedy Town, fell from the top to bottom of a staircase in her employer's house yesterday and had to be sent to hospital.

A man is in custody in connection with an assault upon a junk foh at Shaikwan. The folk's head was severely injured, and he has gone to hospital.

A Chinese servant girl committed suicide yesterday by hanging herself from a beam in her employer's house, 8 Reo Lane, in the West Point district.

Speaking at Norwich, Viscount Deans said that the Unionist party, on their return to power, would abolish the payment of members of Parliament.

Our readers are reminded that the half yearly meeting of shareholders of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation will be held in the City Hall at noon to-morrow.

A woman living at 24, Gaine Road, left her house for a short time yesterday and on her return found that five pieces of jade and some clothing, worth about \$22, had been stolen.

In the House of Representatives the Speaker reported that the voting on the nomination of Alfred Sze as Chinese Minister in Washington resulted in 201 votes against, and 92 for.

Thirty-three men were fined at the Police Court to-day for smoking opium in a divan at Ng Fuk Lane. Inspector Desmond stated that this divan had been raided twelve times in eighteen months.

In to-day's return there are three cases of plague, two of which were fatal. All were Chinese, one coming from Second Street, another from Connaught Road Central, and the third from Tai Wo Street. The year's total is now brought up to 301.

A Chinese man from Yunnan was charged at the Police Court with murdering a fellow countryman. It is alleged that the defendant stabbed the deceased with a knife during a quarrel. The hearing was proceeding when we went to press.

While the police were executing a search warrant at an illicit opium divan at West Point yesterday one of the opium smokers jumped through a window to avoid arrest. He was injured by his fall and instead of going to gaol was sent to hospital.

Owing to heavy rainfalls and the reduction of the tariff for the carrying of coal, the receipts of the Shantung Railway Company have for June shown a decline. Since Jan. 1, 1913, the aggregate revenue has, as compared with the corresponding period of 1912, receded from \$2,170,000 to \$2,064,000.

A Canton shopkeeper, who fled to Hongkong to escape the looting in the Chinese city has found his cost there. All his countrymen here cannot boast of their honesty. He left his room at 154 Baskley Street, Hung Hom, in Wednesday, and on returning yesterday missed clothing and jewellery worth altogether \$150.

The death took place at the General Hospital, Colombo, on July 21, of Mr. David F. Evans, third engineer of the B.I. s.s. "Bangala." The deceased was taken ill a week or so ago, and was removed to hospital, dying about three hours after admission. The funeral took place at the General Cemetery this morning.

My client has a salary of \$25 a month as quartermaster, on the s.s. Zafiro, and out of that has to keep a wife, six children and a mother-in-law. Mr. Mason in a Summary Court case is applying to be allowed to pay off a judgment by instalments. On Mr. Mason's suggestion the P.W. Judge fixed the instalments at \$3 a month.

When a case was called at the Summary Court this morning three soldiers responded. Mr. P. W. Golding said the defendant considered the case so important that he had instructed two solicitors, Mr. Gardner and himself. Mr. Gardner added that counsel was coming in as well. (Laughter.) Mr. Mason was the third solicitor engaged, appearing for the plaintiff.

THE REVOLT.  
CANTON COMPARATIVELY QUIET.

LATEST NEWS FROM THE NORTH.

## PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

A telegram from Peking received here late last evening, states that Admiral So Ching Ping has been appointed to the Water Police of Shanghai and Woosung. Admiral Li Chun has been appointed "Pacifier and General" in Canton, with the titles of Shou Wai Shai and Sheng Choung.

## THE CONDITION OF CANTON.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF'S RE-ASSURING  
TELEGRAM.

Wong Shi Lung, the new Commander-in-Chief at Canton, has telegraphed to the Chinese Press Society of Hongkong stating that there is now only a small number of soldiers in the city who are disobeying orders, and they are not organized, having been dispersed. The telegram continues that the city is quiet and order is being gradually restored. The Land Troops have all gone back to their respective quarters. "I am in negotiation with Governor-General Lung to arrange what measures shall be taken to pacify the inhabitants and restore commerce," adds the Commander. "I have sent extra police to the neighbouring districts to suppress pirates and a big army will be dispatched to these places in the near future. I learn some rumours in Hongkong to the effect that Canton is in a dangerous state and it is on this account that I send this telegram and request you to distribute it to all the people."

## CHINGKIANG CAPTURED.

Commander Cheong Shing has captured Chingkiang and intends to march on to Nanking to attack the rebel troops there.

## THE PRICE OF SAFETY.

Pak Man Wei, the rebel Governor-General, has forced the commercial people of Yunnan to subscribe \$100,000 towards the expenses of his military as a means of ensuring the safety of the town should he be attacked. He has promised in consideration of the subscription, to remove his soldiers to the country and meet the Northern troops outside the town to save it from being bombarded.

## SHANGHAI AND NANKING.

July 15.  
Reuter's Shanghai correspondent states that the bulk of the rebels fled from Woosung Fort the night before the surrender, which caused immense relief in Shanghai. The rebels have regained possession of Nanking.

## THE ADVANCE ON WOOSUNG.

THE EVE OF AN ATTACK.

CRUISE IN POSITION.

(From the "N. C. Daily News.")

Woosung, August 11.  
Anxious anticipation has been the order since early morning, and for the past few hours the opening of the bombardment has been looked for at any minute. On both hands the Government men-of-war are in sight—those in the South Channel having come up and part of the fleet at the Arsenal having come down. Up to the present, however, the advance posts of the Government army have not been sighted. The presence of the men-of-war ahead of the troops seems to mean that the bombardment proper of the Forts will proceed any engagement on land, and while it is going on the soldiers will endeavour to hold in the rebels.

Towards 9 a.m. the men-of-war from the Arsenal advanced themselves off Kaijow Creek. They had weighed anchor some time before eight o'clock, and at this hour the first of them passed the Customs House at Shanghai. They passed through the harbour, and about nine o'clock were just visible from Woosung.

In the meantime the yacht Liancheng had left her anchorage near the Woosung Creek, and, without showing any colours, steamed up river until she lay abreast of the Red Cross Hospital. Here for a while she dropped anchor, but soon a Government torpedo-boat went in sight round the bend, and the Liancheng turned tail and steamed back to her moorings well under cover of the guns of the Forts. Then and not till then did she hoist the rebel colours.

The fleet was composed of the Hsiao-shan, the flag-ship, the Chiao-shi, the Yingwei, the Feiyang, a torpedo-gunboat, and one torpedo-boat. There remained on guard opposite the Arsenal the Nan-shin, the Kingching, the Chuayue, and one torpedo-boat.

In the South Channel.  
While the news soon reached the Forts that the boats from the Arsenal had anchored off the Kaijow Creek, thus removing an immediate cause of anxiety, excitement was created by the appearance of the first of the outside fleet in the South Channel at 10.30 a.m. The first of the cruisers to put in an appearance was the Hsiao-shan, easily distinguishable by reason of her short funnel. She came steaming up, and soon the Hsiao-shan's appearance in the offing making her way towards the Forts.

## Vessels came near to her usual range.

When about seven or eight miles off they stopped, and there remained all the morning. On their first approach these in the Forts had hoisted the red flag as a warning to shipping, but towards noon this was pulled down.

About 2 p.m. a third cruiser came in sight in the South Channel, but up to the present no firing has taken place. In view of a probable early engagement the Customs bulk has been towed from the Footing to the Shanghai side of the river, and is now anchored just above the houses of the telegraph companies. Dozens of country people are crowding to the jetties begging passages to Shanghai. H.M.S. Alacrity has passed down river this afternoon with Vice-Admiral Jernam on board.

The A.-L.S. Bohemia, which was to have left for Trieste yesterday morning, went down river, but afterwards returned to her moorings and her departure was postponed until the afternoon, when she again went down river.

## WARNING TO SHIPPING.

At two o'clock yesterday afternoon, the Harbour Master issued the following notification:

"Notice is hereby given that the following warning has been received from Admiral Li, Chinese Naval Commander-in-Chief: The bombardment at Woosung Forts will take place very soon. It is advisable therefore to notify foreign men-of-war or steamers anchored near the fort or in the vicinity there to clear away in order to avoid accidents."

LOVE LETTERS OF A  
GOVERNOR

\$5,000 CLAIM FOR BREACH OF PROMISE.

New York, July 12.  
An interesting chapter in a suit for damages now being brought by Miss Mignon Hopkins against Governor Sulzer, chief of the executive of the State of New York.

Governor Sulzer himself deprecates the action as a clumsy effort at imposition on the part of a political enemy. It is undoubtedly true that his activity as governor, and possibly his known political aspirations, leading towards White House, have inspired the enmity of many of his former political associates, who declare that he has been acting treacherously towards the Tammany organization, to whom he owes much.

A CHANGE OF OPINION.  
Mignon herself says that she met Governor Sulzer in 1901, when she thought him "the finest and noblest man alive," whereas she now regards him as "the soul of dishonour."

The lady further says that she considered herself engaged to Sulzer until 1908, when the future Governor married a trained nurse at Philadelphia. She alleges that she was to receive \$5,000 as compensation for her wounded feelings, and she brings an action to recover \$5,000 now because she alleges that Sulzer never kept his word, and only paid her about \$500, and that in instalments.

WHY SHE WAITED FIVE YEARS.  
Precisely why Mignon Hopkins waited for five years after the rupture, and until Sulzer was elected to the great office of the Governorship of New York, does not seem apparent, but the lady, in chatting with reporters, said she had been restrained at that time by the persuasion of her two sisters, who held good positions in New York.

The plaintiff has given her letters to the newspaper, but so far there is no word from Governor Sulzer, his side of the romance being reserved for judicial ears first.

"ONLY A BIG, KIND KID."  
In one letter written by Mignon to the future Governor she expresses admiration for his "outrageous self-assertion, mercenary tyrant." She reads with delight how he stayed in Washington to make a speech on the Cuban question, which was "wonderful and eloquent, but still a businesslike statement of a most painful situation."

In another letter she refers to Sulzer as "only a big, kind kid." "Your Liberty oration," she says elsewhere, "was graceful and true."

All the reporter describes Mignon as a rather good-looking blonde, whose gentle face shows traces of suffering. Daily News.  
Fourteen Chinese firemen arrived at Liverpool on July 23 on board the Gunner Carnot to answer a charge of mutiny on the steamer Norman Monarch. The men, it is alleged, refused to work, and were put in irons. One of the prisoners said they had whiled away the time by singing and dancing, and mouth-organ playing. The only hardship they ascribed to was that they were not allowed to smoke in their quarters, but the captain agreed to let them smoke on deck. When the men felt like a smoke they told the steward, who was stationed outside the barred door of their quarters, and they were formed up in two and marched to the third-class deck, where they "lit up" and enjoyed themselves.

## TEETHING CHILDREN.

TEETHING children have more or less diarrhoea, which can be controlled by giving Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All that is necessary is to give the prescribed dose after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then call oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. Even the most severe and dangerous cases are quickly cured by it. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

## TYPHOON WARNING.

The American Consulate General at Hongkong inform us that the following telegram was received from Manila at 11.35 a.m. to-day:—Cyclone or Typhoon E of Luzon less than 300 miles distant, moving W.N.W.

THE BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE  
DE CHINE.

The Banque Industrielle de Chine, a joint stock company with a capital of Frs. 45,000,000, was definitively and legally constituted in Paris, on the 8th of July, 1913. The Board was elected at the meeting of the shareholders and formed as follows:—M. M. André Berthelot, President; Li Rao Kong and Eugène Henry, Vice-Presidents; Sir Richard Ardrey, Georges Bellu, Raoul Calary de Lanuzière, René de Cevenville, Paul Chatauret, Comte Arthur d'Espinsac de Villabonnet, A. Fréouls, Comte Gérard de Ganay, J. Percebois, and Charles Victor.  
The Banque Industrielle de Chine has its Head Office (Siège Central) in Peking and its Registered Office (Siège Social) in Paris, 13 Boulevard Haussmann.  
M. A. G. Pernette is General Manager.

## AN AMERICAN STOWAWAY.

Arthur Ash, who claimed to be an American subject, was fined \$150 at the Police Court to-day, with the alternative of one month's hard labour for stowing away on the B.I. steamer Gregory A par from Singapore to Hongkong.  
Defendant stated he was an American citizen for six years, and had since been in Batavia, and was told that on this account he had lost his citizenship. He had no money and only the clothes he was wearing, and his reason for stowing away was that he wanted to get to San Francisco.

## A STRANGE POLICEMAN.

UNWILLING TO LOSE HIS PRISONER.

A curious case in which an Indian policeman showed great reluctance to part with a man whom he had arrested, although his prisoner had been discharged by the Magistrate, occurred in Colombo the other day. The incident is reported in the Ceylon Observer as follows:

An Indian Policeman produced Balasundra Nayana alias Daniel Joseph, clerk under Mr. T. A. J. Norrish, whom he arrested at Colombo on a warrant issued by a Magistrate in India for criminal breach of trust of Rs. 10,000. The Policeman produced the warrant, but was unable to produce the signature of the Magistrate, as required under the Extradition Act, as he also had evidence as to the identity of the man, as the person arrested. The Magistrate held that there was no proof of identity or of the legality of the warrant. The Magistrate, therefore, discharged the man. After the man left Court and was going away, the Policeman arrested him again, and would not let him go.

There was a row and people collected. The Court Sergeant went and brought up both to Court again. Even then the Policeman would not let the man alone. The Magistrate said this was the man he wanted, and he would allow his hands to be handcuffed if the Magistrate would telegraph to India and find out if he was not the man wanted. The Magistrate told him there was no necessity. He must go back to India and bring a new warrant, signed by the Magistrate in his presence. The man said the Policeman would not leave him alone. The Magistrate told him to go away, and ordered the Policeman to go back to India.

The Policeman wanted to follow the man again, and the Magistrate directed the C. S. Inspector to take the Indian Policeman to the wharf in charge of a Constable, and to see that he went to India. The man then left, and the Policeman was taken in charge. Later the Indian Policeman threatened to commit suicide if he was not allowed to take the man whom he arrested to India.

The Court Inspector then sent him with a report to that effect before the Superintendent of Police, Colombo.

## BANDMANN OPERA COMPANY.

"The Dairymaid" was the name of the "musical comedy" produced at the Theatre Royal last night. It is a rollicking mixture of fun, music and sprightly music. The cast was equal to all that was required of them and the performance was much enjoyed.

To-night, the ever popular "Autumn Manceuvres" will conclude the present visit of the Company to Hongkong.  
It is not perhaps altogether surprising to find the Rangoon Chamber of Commerce declining to favour either the Hakong Valley or the Manique route for a railway between India and Burma. Its main reason is probably that, so far as they are concerned, any money that is available for an Indo-Burma Railway would be better employed upon the existing Burma railway system, which is totally inadequate, and upon the provincial roads which are practically non-existent. Apart from these considerations, the line that unites Burma to the rest of India is at present very slight. A wide ethnological gap exists between her people and those of the peninsula, and there is an almost complete severance of her political interests from those of India. Rangoon is virtually an outpost of the Far East. Railway connection between India and Burma would doubtless modify this situation and establish closer relations between India and the "Cinderella Province," but there is little hope of its being provided for in the near future. (Standard.)

## KEEP IT HANDY.

IMMEDIATE relief is necessary in attacks of diarrhoea and cholera. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy should always be on hand. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.















